

Norm:

Numeric designation: no EN norm Symbolic designation: no EN norm

# CHEMICAL COMPOSITION %

ALLOY DESIGNATION		ELEMENTS												
		Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Pb	Sn	Ti	Other each	Other total
46000 / 46100	Min	10,0	0,6	2,0	0	0,15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(INGOTS)	Max	11,0	1,0	2,5	0,55	0,30	0,15	0,55	1,2	0,1*	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25
46000 / 46100	Min	10,0	0	2,0	0	0,05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(CASTINGS)	Max	11,0	1,3	2,5	0,55	0,30	0,15	0,55	1,2	0,1*	0,15	0,25	0,05	0,25

NOTE: Other each include the limits of all elements unspecified in the grid.

# **MECHANICAL PROPERTIES**

(Mechanical properties obtained from samples cast separately at +20  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  room temperature)

			Rm	Rp02	A	НВ	R Fatigue*
CASTING PROCESS (condition)	TEMPER DESIGNATION	Tensile strength	Yield strength	Elongation	Brinell hardness	Fatigue resistance	
			MPa	MPa	%	нвพ	MPa
	HIGH PRESSURE DIE CASTING	F	240	140	< 1	80	60 - 90

\*Values for tests under rotating bending conditions up to  $10^7\, \text{cycles}$ 

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES
(The following properties are spoilt by the variation of the chemical composition, by its metallurgic structure, casting integrity and casting conditions, therefore these values are approximate)

SPECIFIC WEIGHT	2,75 Kg/dm³
SPECIFIC HEAT (at 100 °C)	0,88 J/gK
ELASTIC MODULUS	75 GPa

ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	13 - 17 MS/m
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	110 - 120 W/(m K)
LINEAR THERMAL EXPANSION (20 °C - 100 °C)	21·10 <sup>-6</sup> /K



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### **TECHNOLOGICAL FEATURES**

(Quality indications)

CASTABILITY	В	DECORATIVE ANODIZING	E
REASISTANCE TO HOT TEARING	В	ABILITY TO BE WELDED	F
PRESSURE TIGHTNESS	С	ABILITY TO BE POLISHED	С
MACHINABILITY (after cast)	В	STRENGHT AT ROOM TEMPERATURE	В
MACHINABILITY (after heat treatement)	-	STRENGHT AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURE (200°C)	В
RESISTANCE TO CORROSION	D	DUCTILITY	D

A: EXCELLENT, B: GOOD, C: FAIR, D: POOR, E: NOT RECOMMENDED, F: UNSUITABLE

#### **GUIDELINES FOR USE**

The ingot re-melting process must be carried out as fast as possible and overheating must be avoided (maximum melting temperature 750°C). Iron tools that may be touched by the liquid metal must be specially painted to avoid spoiling the alloy. The best alloy purification results are achieved by treating the alloy with inert gases, such as nitrogen and/or argon, to remove dissolved hydrogen and any oxides in the liquid bath. A careful skimming of the bath is recommended. It is allowed to recycle sprues and casting appendages up to 40% out of the total charge weight.

Heat Treatment - Alloy not to be treated.

# FURTHER FEATURES OF THE ALLOY

**Resistance to weathering and seawater** - Limited resistance to weathering; not suitable for applications directly touched by seawater. **Notes** - Castability is excellent and makes it possible to use it a lot. The higher the content of Mg is, the more this alloy tends to hot tearing, even if this tendency is not well-defined.

## **USUAL APPLICATIONS**

This alloy is suitable for complex castings, to get excellent mechanical properties, thanks to its good pressure tightness and weldability. It is used in the automotive, engine, railway, aeronautics and armoury industries.

This alloy does not comply with Standard EN 601.